The colony of Haiti had been Frances greatest export. After the institution of the Declaration of Man, which included mulattoes being able to vote, conflict grew. The leaders of the colony ignored the declaration which angered the blacks causing them to revolt. In fear of losing his exporting hot spot, Napoleon sent a French military general to Saint Domingue (where the majority of the revolts occurred) to clean up the mess. A mulatto named Toussaint L’Ouverture lead a revolt on the french settlers which sparked Napoleons fear. In 1804, after years of revolt, the revolutionaries declared their independence from france and named their land Haiti.